INSTITUCIÓN EDUCATIVA MANUEL URIBE ÁNGEL



Resolución 16727 de diciembre 20 de Diciembre de2010 Modificada mediante Resolución N° 201850018639 de febrero 23 del 2018 CODIGO DANE 10500100538<u>0 NIT 900412664-3 NUCLEO EDUCATIVO 915</u>

¡La Excelencia comienza con la convivencia!

PLAN DE APOYO Y PROFUNDIZACIÓN PERIODO 2, 2019

NOMBRE DEL DOCENTES:

FECHA: Junio 07 de 2019 AREA: Humanidades- Inglés GRADO: 8°

INDICADORES DE DESEMPEÑO:

- Compresión de lo que dice el profesor y los compañeros en interacciones cotidianas dentro del aula, sin necesidad de repetición.
- Reconocimiento del propósito de una descripción en textos narrativos de mediana extensión.
- Narración de historias cortas enlazando sus ideas de manera apropiada.
- Participación en una conversación cuando el interlocutor le da el tiempo para pensar sus respuestas.
- Escritura de mensajes en diferentes formatos sobre temas de su interés.

DESCRIPCIÓN DE LAS ACTIVIDADES PEDAGÓGICAS A DESARROLLAR:

- Revisar los temas trabajados durante el periodo y resolver cada uno de los siguientes puntos.
- Consultar en internet o en los libros los temas que necesites reforzar.
- Utilizar hojas adicionales para resolver el taller (si es necesario).

ELEMENTOS A EVALUAR

Para la presente actividad se tendrán como elementos a evaluar:

- El manejo de las estructuras estudiadas durante el periodo.
- Formación de oraciones en Pasado Simple y Presente Progresivo.
- Formación de oraciones utilizando While, When y los Modal Verbs.
- Realización de ejercicio de comprensión lectora.

PROCESO EVALAUATIVO

• Porcentaje evaluación:

20% TRABAJO ESCRITO y 80% SUSTENTACIÓN

FECHAS: (Semana 20 de 2019)

FIRMA DEL DOCENTE:

Tema: Simple Past

Α.	Complete the sentences using the Simple Past Tense. Pay attention to the forms
	(Affirmative, Negative, Interrogative). (Completa las oraciones usando el Pasado Simple
	pon atención a las formas-afirmativa, negativa e interrogativa).

1.		(you/finish) the report by the deadline?
2.		(we/arrive) by the time it gets dark?
3.		(you/do) everything by seven?
4.	He	
5.	How long	
	•	(you/know) your boyfriend when you get
	married?	, ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
7.		(she/get) home by lunch time?
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		(not/finish) the essay by the weekend.
		(not/finish) work by seven.
	She	(finish) her exams by then, so we can go
	out for dinner.	, ,
12.	They	(not/go) at six.
		(arrive) by dinner time.
	We	(be) in London for three years next week.
	\\\\	(not/oat) before we some so we'll be bungary

16.	S. When (you/complete) the work?								
	7. When(we/do) everything?								
	8 (he/finish) his exams when we go on holiday?								
19.	9. Why (she/finish) the cleaning by six?								
20.	You (read) the book before the next class.								
B.	Complete the sentences using the Present Progressive Tense. Pay attention to the forms (Affirmative, Negative, Interrogative). Completa las oraciones usando el Presente								
	Progresivo, pon atención a las formas-afirmativa, negativa e interrogativa).								
1.	They			(not/go) at six.					
2.	, (0 ,								
3.	He		(not/ le	eave) the house.					
4.									
5.				the hous	e? (Clean / ? / you))			
6. -	Carlos (not/complete) the project. Lina and Juan (watch) TV.								
7.	Lina and Juan			(watch	n) IV.				
C. Review Verbal Tenses: Taking into account the Verbal Tenses Structures write 1 sentence in each of the following tenses in the 3 forms (Affirmative, Negative, Interrogative Sujetos HE – WE Simple Past – Present Progressive									
	GO	TIE	WASH	LOVE	CLASIFY	BE			
		<u> </u>							
Present Progressive with GO Affirmative: Negative: Interrogative:									
Affirma Negati		ith <u>TIE</u>							
Presen Affirma Negati		<u>with</u>							
Interro	gative:								
Affirma Negati		ith WASH							
Affirma		with WASH							
Negati									
	gative: Simple Past wi	ith LOVE							
Affirma									
Negative:									
Interrogative:									

<u>Present Progressive with LOVE</u> Affirmative:

Negative: Interrogative:

Negati Interro	ve: gative:								
Present Progressive with CLASIFY Affirmative:									
Negati									
	Interrogative:								
6. Affirma	Simple Past	<u>with</u> BE							
_	Negative: Interrogative:								
Present Progressive with BE Affirmative: Negative: Interrogative:									
	: Modal Verl		by antarin	a the correct m	odal vorb in	the gans (Co	mplota las		
D.				g the correct mo el espacio que o			mpieta ias		
	CAN'T X2	MUST	MAY NOT	WOULDN'T	HAVE TO	WOULD	COULD		
 When you have a small child in the house, you leave small objects lying Miss Sunshine said that we read this book for our own pleasure as it is He had been working for more than eleven hours. He be tired after such work. Do you chew with your mouth open like that? it's making me sick! You fail me, would you? Jaime love to go to New York someday I give you the location of the treasure Does she open the window? 						optional.			
E.	E. Complete the sentences using Can, Could, Must, Mustn't, Should. (Completa las oraciones usando los Modal Verbs Can, Could, Must, Mustn't, Should).								
1.	Deisv		copy in the exam.						
 Deisy copy in the exam. My sister play soccer. 									
3.	My grandpas	3		_ eat sugar.					
				towel for hygien					
				ay guitar when h		er.			
				niform in the sch					
7. He smoke in the restaurant, it's forbidden.8. I think Daniel help his mother, she is tired.						d.			
F. Put the words in the correct order to make statements. (Pon las palabras en el order correcto para hacer oraciones).							el orden		
1.	round - she -	the corner -	be – must:						
 round - she - the corner - be – must: we - not - drink - must – milk: 									
3. feel - it - they – can:									
wait - must - I – outside:									
5.	must - swim - not – I:								
G. Translate into Spanish (Traduce al español las oraciones del punto F después de habe organizado).						de haberlas			
1									

5. <u>Simple Past with CLASIFY</u> Affirmative:

H. Reading Comprehension (Comprensión Lectora). Lee el texto y responde las preguntas que se encuentran al final.

Shopping Addiction

Are you a compulsive shopper?

Are your credit cards maxed out? Is it impossible for you to go to a store without buying something? Are your closets full of things you don't even use? Do you get a "high" when you buy new things only to feel depressed later because you've dug yourself into a deeper financial hole?

Shopping can truly be an addiction for some people. Shopping addicts exhibit the same sorts of behaviors as other addicts. They have a lack of control over their impulses. They get a thrill when they purchase new things but feel remorse later when they realize what they've done.

Some compulsive shoppers exhibit a lack of control in other areas of their life as well. They may even have other addictions such as alcoholism or eating disorders. A person with addictive behavior patterns should seek professional counseling.

How can you control your spending?

Make a shopping list and stick to it! Write down what you need to buy and don't buy anything that's not on the list. This will force you to buy what you need and avoid impulse purchases.

Use cash, checks or debit cards instead of credit cards. With cash, checks and debit cards, you are spending money that you have saved. With credit cards, however, you are spending money that you don't have. Hide your credit cards or cut them up. Don't take them with you when you go shopping.

Shop at individual stores instead of going to the mall. When you go to the mall, you will be tempted to go in other stores and buy things that you don't need. If the store that you need to visit is at the mall, park your car at the door that is closest to the store that you need to visit and don't go in any other stores.

Don't window shop, look through catalogs, or watch home shopping channels. These lead to impulse purchases. When you browse, you will inevitably find something you want to buy (but probably don't need).

If your shopping is beyond your control, seek professional help. Many people have some problems restraining themselves when they go shopping but if it reaches addiction level, you need help. Contact a counselor or join a support group.

Questions

Guess the meanings of these expressions based on their context.

- 1. "Are your credit cards maxed out?"
- a. You have many credit cards.
- b. You don't use your credit cards.
- c. Charged up to the maximum balance.
- 2. "Do you get a "high" when you buy new things only to feel depressed later because you've dug yourself into a deeper financial hole?"
- a. Very excited feeling
- b. Very sad feeling
- c. Frustrated feeling
- 3. "Make a shopping list and stick to it!"
- a. Buy extra things.
- b. Only buy things from the list
- c. Buy sticky glue.
- 4. "Don't window shop, look through catalogs, or watch home shopping channels."
- a. Look at items in store windows.
- b. Look for and purchase windows for your home.
- c. Shop for a new wallet.

Instructions

According to the article, which of the following things can people who are compulsive shoppers do to try to control their addiction? (Select three)

- a. Use cash or checks instead of credit cards.
- b. Never go shopping again.
- c. Limit their purchases to items on their shopping list.
- d. Get counseling.
- e. Open a savings account in a local bank.